**Bible Study:** Elevating our sacrifice through our praise **Scripture:** Hebrews 13.15 **The Big Idea:** If the church is going to be successful it must be populated with serving believers who make sacrifices

## Elevating our sacrifice through our praise

In the life of the church, if it is going to be successful

- 1. It must be populated with <u>serving believers.</u>
- 2. Those serving believers must make <u>sacrifices</u>.

When you personalize this study, your conclusion and outtake is that <u>sacrifices</u> must be made to achieve <u>greatness</u>. <u>Elevating</u> your <u>sacrifice</u> will <u>elevate</u> your <u>success</u>.

WHAT IS A SACRIFICE?

Sacrifice is the <u>destruction</u> or the <u>surrendering</u> of something for the <u>sake</u> of <u>something</u> else. When you make a sacrifice <u>loss</u> is involved. It also consists of the act of giving up.

For something to be considered a sacrifice:

- 1. It must be of <u>value</u> to the one sacrificing
- 2. It must be done for the sake of something or someone other than <u>themselves</u>.

Hebrews focuses on the role of God's Son, Jesus, as the ultimate expression of God's work among humanity. Jesus' priestly service, now complete, brings about the purification of sins (Heb **1:3)**, and He sits with honor and authority at God's right hand. In our text, the writer gives instructions to a weary congregation, and he tells them to offer up the sacrifice of praise.

## WHY SACRIFICE?

This sacrifice that is offered is praise. The writer identifies that it is offered up <u>through Jesus</u> (v15).

For Christians, Jesus is the once-and-for-all sacrifice, the <u>Lamb of</u> <u>God</u> (John 1:29, 36; 3.16) who fulfills the Old Testament's sacrificial requirements. Christ's sacrifice made Him:

The propitiation for our sins (1 John 2.2, 4.10; Heb. 2.17).

The final atonement for our sins (Heb. 10.12, 7.27).

The <u>sacrifice</u> to God (Heb 7:27; 9:26).

The <u>fulfillment</u> of the Passover offering (1 Cor 5:7).

The Christian's access to God (John 14.6).

Because He made a sacrifice the believer should make sacrifices for Him as well. The offerant is Christians. The offering is praise. The praise is confessional. The purpose is to bring others into a relationship and worship God.

## How to SACRIFICE?

The writer identifies this sacrifice of praise is to be done continually. This speaks of a behavioral responsibility that is repeated frequently, regularly again and again without interruption. The b' clause of verse 15 says, "*the fruit of lips that*  *openly profess his name.*" It is the opening of the serving believer's mouth. It is a contrast and combination of the spiritual and practical. Here the writer implores to not be silent. If the blessing is visible the praise should be vocal (Ps. 95.1-7, Ps. 117.1-2, Ps. 107.1-3, Ps. 150).